

Acute myeloid leukaemia with myelodysplasia-related changes

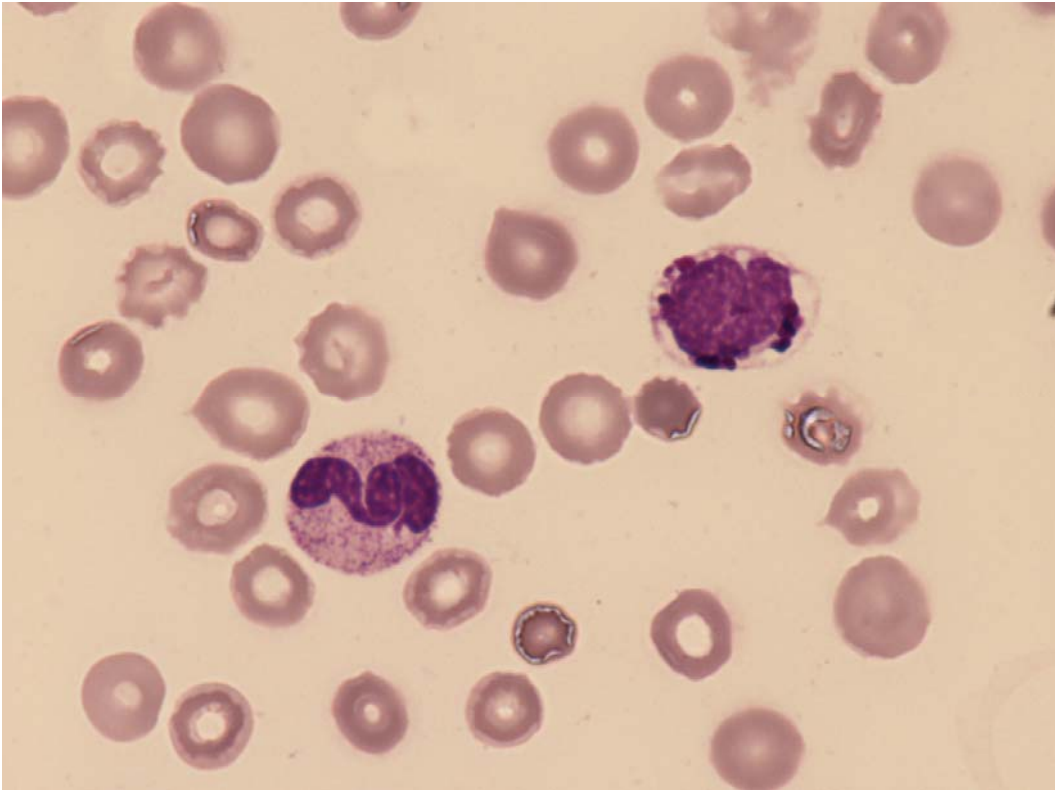


Fig 1: Dysgranulopoiesis (hypogranular cytoplasm) and dyserythropoiesis (megaloblastosis) and myeloid and erythroid blasts nuclei.

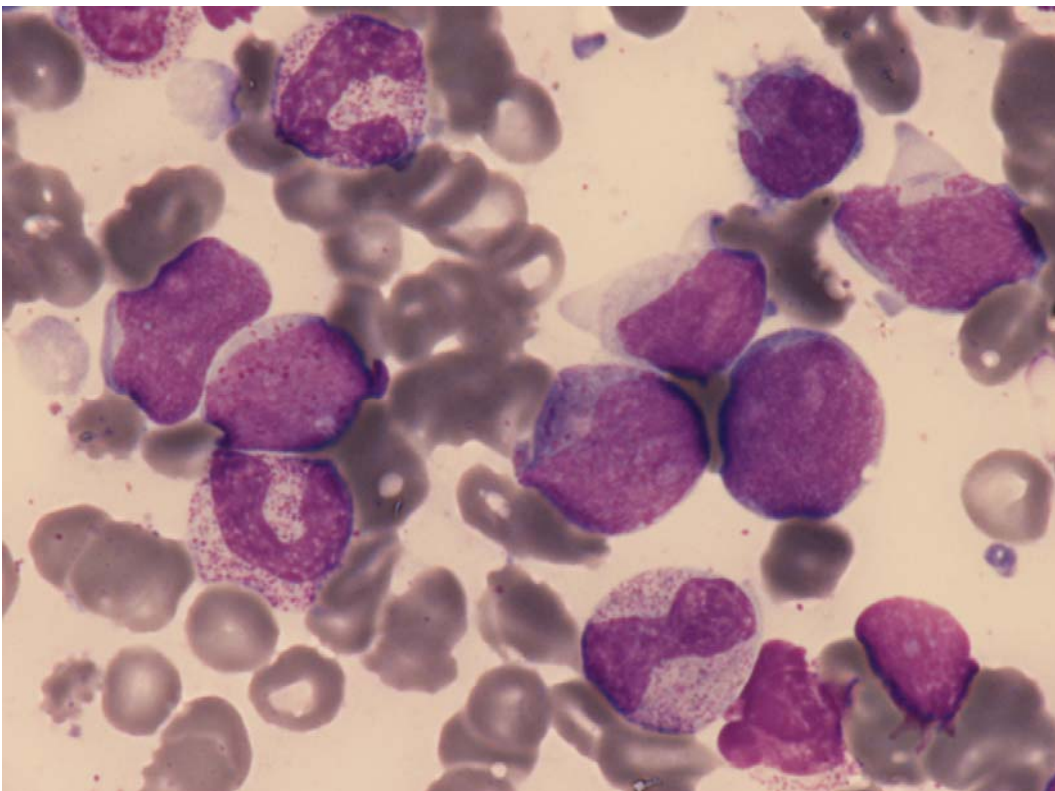


Fig 2: Dyserythropoiesis (karyorexis, fragmentation nuclear and megaloblastosis), dysgranulopoiesis and micromyeloblasts.

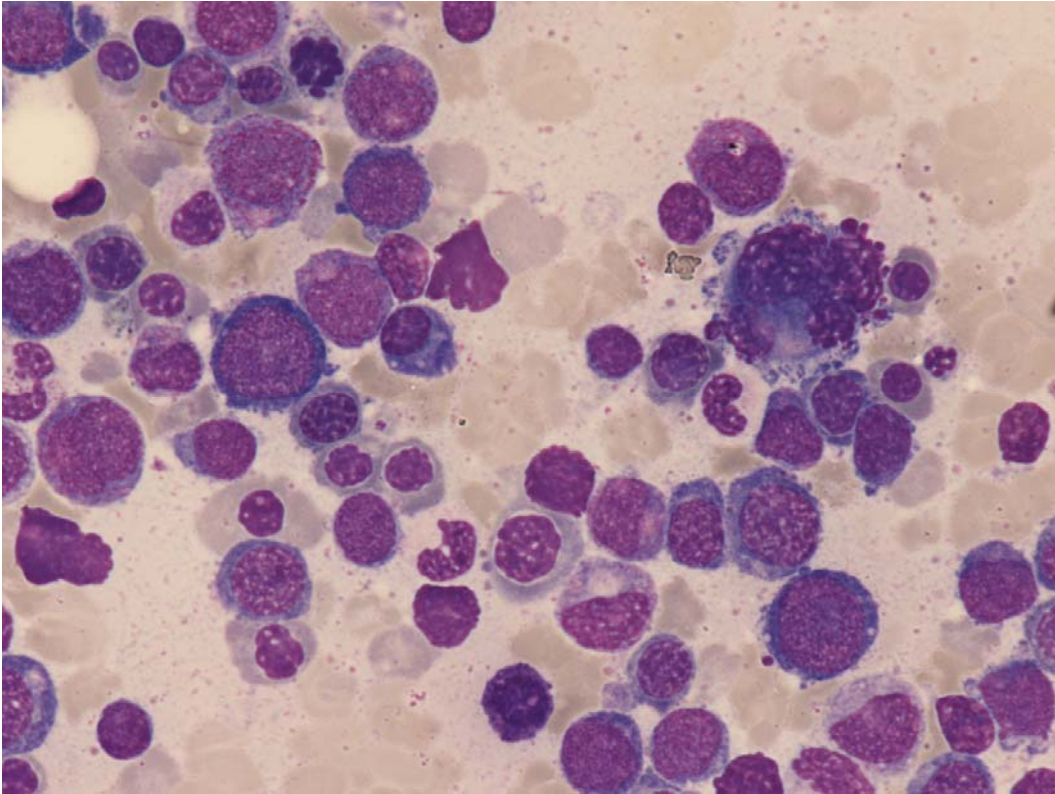


Fig 3: Dysgranulopoiesis (hyposgmentation) and micromegakaryocyte and myeloid blasts (del 7q).

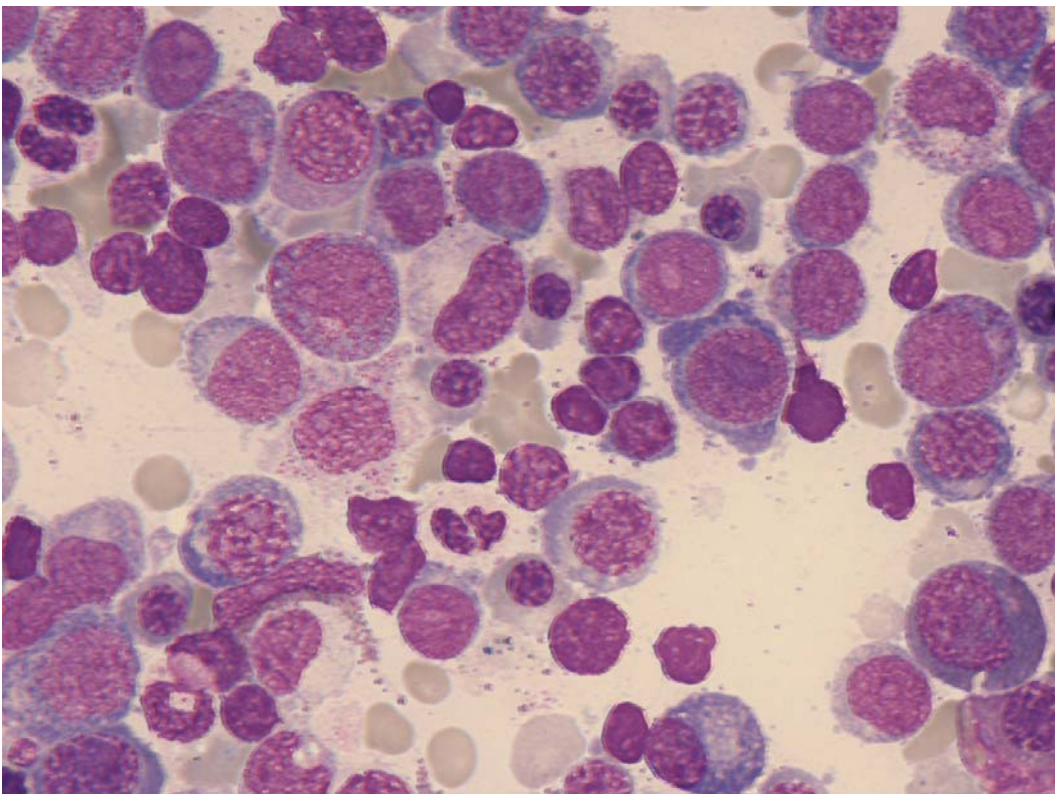


Fig 4: Dysgranulopoiesis in basophils cells (del 7q).